116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	5.
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To amend the Help America Vote Act of 2002 to allow all eligible voters to vote by mail in Federal elections, to amend the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 to provide for automatic voter registration.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr.	Wyden (for himself, Mr. Merkley, Mr. Markey, Mr. Whitehouse,
	Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mr. UDALL, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Ms. HARRIS, Ms.
	BALDWIN, Mr. SANDERS, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. MURPHY, and Ms. WAR-
	REN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to
	the Committee on

A BILL

To amend the Help America Vote Act of 2002 to allow all eligible voters to vote by mail in Federal elections, to amend the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 to provide for automatic voter registration.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Vote By Mail Act of
- 5 2019".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

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(1) An inequity of voting rights exists in the United States because voters in some States have the universal right to vote by mail while voters in other States do not.

- (2) Many voters often have work, family, or other commitments that make getting to polls and waiting in line on the date of an election difficult or impossible. Many citizens with disabilities are physically unable to vote due to long lines, inadequate parking, no curb cuts, steep ramps, and large crowds. In 2012, 30 percent of voters with disabilities had difficulty voting, and more than 5,000,000 voters waited more than an hour to vote. Under current State laws, many of these voters are not permitted to vote by mail.
- (3) Twenty-eight States currently allow universal absentee voting (also known as "no-excuse" absentee voting), which permits any voter to request a mail-in ballot without providing a reason for the request. No State which has implemented no-excuse absentee voting has repealed it.
- (4) Three States currently hold elections entirely by mail. Twenty-two States currently allow some elections to be conducted by mail, especially in large and rural jurisdictions where voting by mail is

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especially convenient. Polling stations in rural jurisdictions tend to have higher costs per voter, smaller staffs, and limited resources. Transportation is often a crucial barrier for rural voters.

- (5) Voting by mail gives voters more time to consider their choices, which is especially important as many ballots contain greater numbers of questions about complex issues than in the past due to the expanded use of the initiative and referendum process in many States.
- (6) Voting by mail is cost effective. After the State of Oregon adopted vote by mail for all voters in 1996, the cost to administer an election in the State dropped by nearly 30 percent over the next few elections, from \$3.07 per voter to \$2.21 per voter. After Colorado implemented all-mail balloting in 2013, voting administration costs decreased by an average of 40 percent. The cost of conducting vote-by-mail elections is generally one-third to one-half less than conducting polling place elections. Voting by mail also saves a substantial amount by getting rid of the temporary labor costs of hiring poll workers. In addition to that cost, many jurisdictions have been facing difficulty in obtaining sufficient numbers of poll workers.

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(7) Allowing all voters the option to vote by mail can reduce waiting times for those voters who choose to vote at the polls. In 2016, voters in Arizona reported waiting in line from 1 to 5 hours to vote; in New York, voters reported that stations ran out of ballots and did not have staff during all of the hours scheduled for voting.

- (8) Voting by mail is preferable to many voters as an alternative to going to the polls. In 2016, 24 percent of ballots in the United States were cast by mail, up from 10 percent in 2000. In 2016, nearly 58 percent of California voters chose to vote by mail. Voting by mail has become increasingly popular with voters who want to be certain that they are able to vote no matter what comes up on election day, as it reduces the physical obstacles and eases the time constraints connected with the act of voting.
- (9) The signature verification process, the tracking system for each ballot, and postal service cooperation in preventing ballots from being delivered to names not recognized as receiving mail at an address nearly eliminate the potential for fraud in vote by mail elections. Evidence of undue influence or voter coercion after vote-by-mail implementation in Oregon has been nonexistent to minimal.

1 (10) Many of the reasons which voters in many 2 States are required to provide in order to vote by 3 mail require the revelation of personal information 4 about health, travel plans, or religious activities, 5 which violate voters' privacy while doing nothing to 6 prevent voter fraud. 7 (11) State laws which require voters to obtain 8 a notary signature to vote by mail only add cost and 9 inconvenience to voters without increasing security. 10 (12) Many voters choose to cast ballots early 11 when they have the option (over 50 percent in Ari-12 zona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Florida, Geor-13 gia, Hawaii, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North 14 Carolina, Oregon, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, and 15 Washington). More than 40 percent of voters in the 16 2016 election cast their ballot before election day. In 17 Oregon, 7 years after vote-by-mail election imple-18 mentation, over 80 percent of voters favored the 19 vote-by-mail system. 20 (13) Vote-by-mail typically increases turnout in 21 all elections, but can be particularly effective in in-22 creasing voter participation in special elections and 23 primary elections. Oregon, Washington, and Colo-

rado, the 3 States with entirely vote by mail elec-

tions, continue to have consistently high voter turn-

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1	out rates. In the 2016 Presidential election, while
2	the percentage of registered voters who cast a ballot
3	nationally was 68.1 percent, Oregon's was 80.3 per-
4	cent, Washington's was 78.76 percent, and Colo-
5	rado's was 74.3 percent.
6	(14) A crucial component of a modern voting
7	system is making it easy, affordable, and accessible
8	to register to vote. Thirty States introduced auto-
9	matic voter registration legislation in the first 4
0	months of 2017, and 7 States plus the District of
1	Columbia automatically register their citizens to vote
2	when they apply for or renew a driver's license.
3	Automatic, permanent voter registration has the po-
4	tential to increase participation, protect election in-
5	tegrity, and reduce registration costs.
6	SEC. 3. PROMOTING ABILITY OF VOTERS TO VOTE BY MAIL
7	IN FEDERAL ELECTIONS.
8	(a) Voting by Mail in Federal Elections.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle A of title III of the
20	Help America Vote Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 21081
21	et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 303
22	the following new section:

1	"CTO	000 4	DDOMOTING	A DIT TOX	$\mathbf{O}\mathbf{E}$	MODEDO	TIO.	TOTE	DX
	"SEC.	303A.	PROMOTING	ARHITY	() H.	VOTERS	11()	VOTE	КY

- 2 MAIL.
- 3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—If an individual in a State is eli-
- 4 gible to cast a vote in an election for Federal office, the
- 5 State may not impose any additional conditions or require-
- 6 ments on the eligibility of the individual to cast the vote
- 7 in such election by mail, except to the extent that the
- 8 State imposes a deadline for returning the ballot to the
- 9 appropriate State or local election official.
- 10 "(b) Provision of Ballot Materials.—Not later
- 11 than 2 weeks before the date of any election for Federal
- 12 office, each State shall mail ballots to individuals who are
- 13 registered to vote in such election.
- 14 "(c) Accessibility for Individuals With Dis-
- 15 ABILITIES.—All ballots provided under this section shall
- 16 be accessible to individuals with disabilities in a manner
- 17 that provides the same opportunity for access and partici-
- 18 pation (including for privacy and independence) as for
- 19 other voters.
- 20 "(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 21 tion shall be construed to affect the authority of States
- 22 to conduct elections for Federal office through the use of
- 23 polling places at which individuals cast ballots.
- 24 "(e) Effective Date.—A State shall be required
- 25 to comply with the requirements of subsection (a) with re-

1	spect to elections for Federal office held in years beginning
2	with 2020.".
3	(2) Conforming amendment relating to
4	ENFORCEMENT.—Section 401 of such Act (52
5	U.S.C. 21111) is amended by striking "and 303"
6	and inserting "303, and 303A".
7	(3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
8	tents for such Act is amended by inserting after the
9	item relating to section 303 the following new item:
	"Sec. 303A. Promoting ability of voters to vote by mail.".
10	(b) Free Postage for Voting by Mail.—
11	(1) In General.—Chapter 34 of title 39,
12	United States Code, is amended by adding at the
13	end the following:
13 14	end the following: "§ 3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elec-
14	"§ 3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elec-
14 15	"§ 3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elec- tions "Ballots mailed pursuant to section 303A(b) of the
14 15 16 17	"§ 3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elec- tions "Ballots mailed pursuant to section 303A(b) of the
14 15 16 17	"\$3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elec- tions "Ballots mailed pursuant to section 303A(b) of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (individually or in bulk)
14 15 16 17 18	"\$3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elections "Ballots mailed pursuant to section 303A(b) of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (individually or in bulk) shall be carried expeditiously and free of postage.".
14 15 16 17 18	"\$3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elections "Ballots mailed pursuant to section 303A(b) of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (individually or in bulk) shall be carried expeditiously and free of postage.". (2) Technical and conforming amend-
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"\$3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elections "Ballots mailed pursuant to section 303A(b) of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (individually or in bulk) shall be carried expeditiously and free of postage.". (2) Technical and conforming amendments.— (A) Table of Sections.—The table of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"\$3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elections "Ballots mailed pursuant to section 303A(b) of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (individually or in bulk) shall be carried expeditiously and free of postage.". (2) Technical and conforming amendments.— (A) Table of Sections.—The table of sections for chapter 34 of title 39, United

[&]quot;3407. Ballots provided for voting in Federal elections.".

1	(B) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
2	TIONS.—Section 2401(c) of title 39, United
3	States Code, is amended by striking "3403
4	through 3406" and inserting "3403 through
5	3407".
6	SEC. 4. AUTOMATIC VOTER REGISTRATION THROUGH
7	STATE MOTOR VEHICLE AUTHORITIES.
8	(a) Automatic Voter Registration.—Section 5
9	of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C.
10	20504) is amended to read as follows:
11	"SEC. 5. VOTER REGISTRATION THROUGH MOTOR VEHICLE
12	AUTHORITY.
13	"(a) Simultaneous Application for Voter Reg-
14	ISTRATION AND APPLICATION FOR MOTOR VEHICLE
15	Driver's License.—
16	"(1) Transmission of information to elec-
17	TION OFFICIALS.—Each State's motor vehicle au-
18	thority, upon receiving any of the identifying infor-
19	mation described in paragraph (2) with respect to
20	any applicable individual, shall securely transmit the
21	identifying information to the appropriate State elec-
22	tion official.
23	"(2) Identifying information described.—
24	The identifying information described in this para-
25	graph with respect to any individual is as follows:

1	(A) The individual's legal name.
2	"(B) The individual's age.
3	"(C) The individual's residence.
4	"(D) The individual's citizenship status.
5	"(E) The individual's electronic signature
6	"(b) Duties of Officials Receiving Informa-
7	TION.—
8	"(1) In general.—Upon receiving the identi-
9	fying information with respect to an applicable indi-
10	vidual under subsection (a), the appropriate State
11	election official shall determine—
12	"(A) whether such individual is eligible to
13	vote in an election for Federal office; and
14	"(B) whether such individual is currently
15	registered to vote in elections for Federal office
16	at the address provided in such identifying in-
17	formation.
18	"(2) Notification to individuals.—
19	"(A) ELIGIBLE UNREGISTERED INDIVID-
20	UALS.—In the case of an applicable individual
21	who is eligible to vote in an election for Federal
22	office and who is not currently registered to
23	vote, the appropriate State election official shall
24	issue a notification to the individual con-
25	taining—

1	"(i) a statement that, unless the indi-
2	vidual notifies the election official prior to
3	the expiration of the 21-calendar-day pe-
4	riod which begins on the date the official
5	issued the notification that the individual
6	declines to be registered to vote in elections
7	for Federal office held in the State, the in-
8	dividual's records and signature will con-
9	stitute a completed registration for the in-
10	dividual; and
11	"(ii) a description of the process by
12	which the individual may decline to be reg-
13	istered to vote in elections for Federal of-
14	fice in the State.
15	"(B) Eligible individuals registered
16	AT A DIFFERENT ADDRESS.—In the case of an
17	applicable individual who is eligible to vote in
18	an election for Federal office and who is reg-
19	istered to vote in such election at a different
20	address than the address provided in the identi-
21	fying information, the appropriate State elec-
22	tion official shall issue a notification to the indi-
23	vidual containing—
24	"(i) a statement that, unless the indi-
25	vidual notifies the election official prior to

1	the expiration of the 21-calendar-day pe-
2	riod which begins on the date the official
3	issued the notification that the address
4	provided in the identifying information
5	should not be used for voter registration
6	purposes, the address provided in the iden-
7	tifying information shall be used as the in-
8	dividual's address for voter registration
9	purposes; and
10	"(ii) a description of the process by
11	which the individual may decline a change
12	of address for voter registration purposes.
13	"(c) Automatic Registration of Eligible Indi-
14	VIDUALS; AUTOMATIC CHANGE OF ADDRESS.—
15	"(1) Registration.—Upon the expiration of
16	the 21-calendar-day period which begins on the date
17	the appropriate State election official issues a notifi-
18	cation to an individual under subsection (b)(2)(A),
19	the official shall ensure that the individual is reg-
20	istered to vote in elections for Federal office held in
21	the State unless—
22	"(A) the official later determines that the
23	individual does not meet the eligibility require-
24	ments for registering to vote in such elections;
25	or

1	(B) prior to the expiration of such 21-cal
2	endar-day period, the individual notifies the of
3	ficial that the individual declines to be reg
4	istered to vote in such elections.
5	"(2) Change of address.—Upon the expira
6	tion of the 21-calendar-day period which begins or
7	the date the appropriate State election official issues
8	a notification to an individual under subsection
9	(b)(2)(B), the official shall ensure that the indi
10	vidual is registered to vote in elections for Federa
11	office at the address provided in the identifying in
12	formation unless—
13	"(A) the official later determines that the
14	individual does not meet the eligibility require
15	ments for registering to vote in such elections
16	or
17	"(B) prior to the expiration of such 21-cal
18	endar-day period, the individual notifies the of
19	ficial that the individual declines a change of
20	address for voter registration purposes.
21	"(d) APPLICABLE INDIVIDUAL.—For purposes of this
22	section, the term 'applicable individual' means any indi-
23	vidual who seeks assistance from, receives benefits from
24	or receives service or assistance from a State motor vehicle
25	authority that issues motor vehicle driver's licenses.".

1	(b) Conforming Amendment Relating to Tim-
2	ING OF REGISTRATION PRIOR TO ELECTIONS.—Section
3	8(a)(1)(A) of such Act (52 U.S.C. $20507(a)(1)(A)$) is
4	amended to read as follows:
5	"(A) in the case of registration through a
6	motor vehicle authority under section 5, if the
7	identifying information with respect to the indi-
8	vidual is transmitted by the authority to the ap-
9	propriate State election official under section
10	5(a)(1) not later than the lesser of 30 days, or
11	the period provided by State law, before the
12	date of the election;".
13	(c) Other Conforming Amendment.—Section
14	4(a)(1) of such Act (52 U.S.C. 20503(a)(1)) is amended
15	to read as follows:
16	"(1) through the State motor vehicle authority
17	pursuant to section 5;".
18	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
19	this section shall take effect upon the expiration of the

20 180-day period which begins on the date of the enactment

21 of this Act.